

WellComm targeted 5-minute activities **Section 4 Primary**

Use this section if the child is secure (green) on section 3.



Please incorporate these 5-minute activities into the ELSEC children's daily routine 2 to 3 times a day, ensuring that you select the appropriate activities for each child. We advise doing one activity in the morning, one after dinner, and one before home time. Please use these activities alongside the child's personalized tally chart, making sure that they correlate to the section in WellComm the child is working at for the child to reach the best outcome. Make sure all necessary resources for each activity are available and that the activities are seamlessly integrated into the children's routine. For consistency and focus, choose three activities per week and stick with them throughout the week.

Many of the activities can be related to classroom topics and used within the classroom.

Highlighted resources match planning ideas.

Repeat activities as often as possible.

Repetition will lead to faster progress.

Use the Big Book of Ideas for language activities, social skills, memory, and organisational skills.

Remember to use 'Step Up' or 'Step Down' activities, depending on the children's levels of development

For best practice please choose away to evidence these activities within the note's column of the table.

Section 4

Activity	Big Book of	<u>Aim</u>	<u>Activity</u>	<u>Notes</u>
	Ideas page /			
	<u>Activity</u>			
1	Page : 56	Aim:	Full class 5 minute activity focusing on the targeted	
	Activity: 4.1	Understand	children	
	Outcome:	the concept		
	Understanding	of sarcasm	Explain sarcasm: "It's when someone says the opposite	
	of Language	and non -	of what they mean." For example, saying "Great job!"	
		literal	when it wasn't a great job.	
		language		
			1. Watch the Clip	
			a. Show Zootopia: Meet the Sloth (DMV	
			Scene).	
			b. Ask students to notice slower talking ,	
			facial expressions, and body language.	
			2. Discussion:	
			a. Ask: "What signs of sarcasm did you see	
			in the clip?" (e.g., slow talking,	
			mismatched facial expressions).	
			3. Role Play:	
			 a. Have students act out scenarios (e.g., 	
			"You spill your drink and say,	
			'Perfect!'").	

			 b. Class decides if it's sarcastic or not. 4. Wrap-Up: a. Encourage asking for clarification if unsure about sarcasm.
2	Page: 58 Activity: 4.1 Outcome: 58) Understanding of Language	To be able to select key information from a complex spoken paragraph	Choose a book related to your interests or topic. Listen for key details (e.g., What is a mammal? What reflects light?). Write keywords or draw pictures as you read. Read a short paragraph and answer the questions. Review and correct your answers if needed by reading the paragraph again.
3	Page: 59	To be able to	
	Activity : 4.1	justify an	Choose a question to think about, like:
	Outcome Understanding of Language	opinion and someone else's preferences	 "Should pupils have to wear uniforms?" "Should homework be banned?" Take both sides: Write down reasons for and against the idea. Think about what you believe and then consider the opposite opinion. Summarize the main points: Write a short summary of the strongest arguments for both sides. Decide on your opinion: After considering both sides, decide which opinion you agree with the most. Reflect on other opinions:

		different point of view and how they could feel strongly about it.	
4 Page: 60	To be able to		
Activity: 4.1	understand	Write the words "likely" and "unlikely" on two separate	
Outcome: Understanding language	language related to certainty Write the words I	pieces of paper or cards and place them at opposite ends of your table. Sort the words in order of how likely they make an event happen, from most certain to least certain. Use these words: Certainly Probably Potentially Occasionally Definitely Possibly Usually Some words may end up in the same place. Create sentences: Think of your own sentences using these words to show how likely something is. For example: "Will we have to go to school tomorrow?" ""Yes, we will definitely have to go to school tomorrow!" ""It will possibly rain tomorrow." Practice:	

			A	
			Answer more questions like these, using the	
			words you sorted. Try to use each word at least	
			once.	
			o "Will it be Christmas on the 25th	
			December?"	
			 "Will you have cheese sandwiches for 	
			lunch?"	
5	Page: 61	To be able to	Choose a book, magazine, or YouTube clip that	
	Activity: 4.2	identify and	interests you.	
	Outcome:	correct	Look at the pictures or watch the video and	
	Grammar	grammatical	think about what the characters are doing.	
		errors	Make deliberate grammatical errors while	
			describing what you see. For example:	
			"The cat catched the mouses."	
			Identify and correct the errors:	
			Think about how you would fix the mistake	
			(e.g., "The cat caught the mice").	
			Repeat with other sentences, making sure to	
			correct the errors as you go.	
			, 6	
6	Page: 62	To be able to	Choose a word from your lessons or one you want to	
	Activity: 4.3	learn	learn.	
	Outcome: remember and use	remember	Write the word or draw a picture of it in the centre of a	
		and use	piece of paper.	
		appropriate	Add information to your word web:	
		vocabulary	Descriptive details (one colour):	
		(make a	i. What does it	
		word web)	feel/look/smell/taste/sound	
		,	like?	
			ii. Where would you find it?	
			iii. What do you do with it?	
			iv. What category does it belong	

			v. What is it related to? Sound details (different colour): vi. What does it begin/end with? vii. How many syllables? viii. What does it rhyme with? Think about its meaning: b. Have you heard this word before? c. What's a synonym or antonym? Use the word in a sentence and write its definition. See question prompts in appendices	
7	Page: 62	To be able to learn	Choose a word from your lessons or one you need to	
	Activity: 4.3	remember	learn.	
	Outcome:	and use	learn.	
	Vocbulary	appropriate	Write the word or draw a picture in the centre of a	
		vocabulary	piece of paper.	
		(make a	Add details to your word web:	
		word web)	Descriptive (one colour):	
		Word West	i. What does it	
			feel/look/smell/taste/sound	
			like?	
			ii. Where would you find it?	
			iii. What do you do with it?	
			iv. What category does it belong to?	
			Sound details (different colour):	
			v. What does it begin/end with?	
			vi. How many syllables?	
			vii. What does it rhyme with?	
			Think of related words:	
			b. Have you heard it before?	
			c. Synonym or antonym?	

			Use the word in a sentence and write its definition.	
8	Page: 64	To be able to	Choose 5 words you've learned and write each one on a	
	Activity: 4.3	retain and	separate card.	
	Outcome: Vocabulary	retrieve vocabulary	 Shuffle the cards and place them face down on a table. Pick one card without looking at the word. Ask yourself questions about the word to figure it out: Where would you find it? What is it for? Who would use it? What does it look like? What category does it belong to? What does it sound like? What does it begin with? What does it rhyme with? How many syllables does it have? Guess the word based on the answers to your questions. Repeat the process with the remaining words. 	
9	Page: 65	To be able to	Do this as a full class activity making sure that you are	
	Activity: 4.4	recall and re-	keying in the targeted pupils	
	Outcome:	tell an event		
	Narrative	or story	• Find an appropriate short story or event	
			• Discuss and complete the story grid (copy from BBOIs p 83) with the pupils.	
			Write key words, short notes and draw pictures etc 63	

Activity: 4.4 Outcome: Narrative recall and retell an event or story. Find an appropriate short story or eve • Discuss and complete the story grid (Copy from BBOIs p 83) • Write key war and draw pictures etc • Talk about how the characters migh and write in different colours e.g. redemeans thoughts • Encourage pupils to use describing and throughout. • Once completed support pupils to retell the correct order				 Talk about how the characters might feel throughout and write in different colours e.g. red for angry, green means thoughts Encourage pupils to use describing words and make a note throughout. Once completed support pupils to retell the story in the correct order Repeat back and model higher-level grammar and vocabulary, including adding connectives NOTE this is a speaking not writing activity
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	Activity: 4.4 Outcome:	recall and re- tell an event	Find an appropriate short story or event • Discuss and complete the story grid with the pupils. (Copy from BBOIs p 83) • Write key words, short notes and draw pictures etc • Talk about how the characters might feel throughout and write in different colours e.g. red for angry, green means thoughts • Encourage pupils to use describing words and make a note throughout. • Once completed support pupils to retell the story in